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## Section 5.1 - Modelling Polynomials

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## Learning Outcomes Covered:

5A: I can recognize the different parts of a polynomial.
5B: I can describe and classify polynomials.
5C: I can use algebra tiles to represent a polynomial.

## CONTENT Assessment Questions:

1. Identify the coefficient(s), variable(s), and constant of each of the following polynomials. Also name them.

|  | Algebraic <br> expression | Coefficient(s) | Variable(s) | Constant | Polynomial Name |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a) | $-8 y$ | -8 | $y$ |  | Monomial |
| b) | $4-11 w$ | -11 | $W$ | 4 | Bmomin) |
| c) | $-2 b^{2}-b+10$ | $-2,-1$ | $b$ | 10 | Trinumia |

2. Use algebra tiles to model each polynomial. Sketch the tiles.
b) $2 x-1$

d) $v^{2}-4 v$
a) $-5+y^{2}$

c) $-3 a^{2}-2 a+1$


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Section 5.1 - Modelling Polynomials
CURRICULAR COMPETENCIES Questions:
3. From the following six questions, identify the equivalent polynomials. Show how you know either using words or pictures.
(RA)
a) $-h^{2}-3+4 h$
b) $-3+4 h-h^{2}$
c) $5 m-3$
d) $-2+y^{2}+5 x y$
e) $y^{2}+5 x y-2$
f) $-3+5 m$
a) \&b),
c) \&f,
d) 8 e)
are equivalent pairs
because each term in those polynomials are the
same. The only difference in those polynomials is the order in which they add or subtract.
4. Write a polynomial to match the following conditions.
(US)
a) 2 terms, degree 1 , with a constant term of 4

b) 3 terms, degree 2 , with the coefficient on the 2 nd degree term -2

$$
e x .-2 x^{2}+3 x-1,-2 x^{2}-5 x+3, \ldots
$$

ONGOING LEARNING ACTIVITIES:
CORE: Page 214: Curricular Competencies: 10, 15, 16, 18

